STUART BATHURST CATHOLIC HIGH SCHOOL



Data Protection Impact Assessment (Sharepoint)

SBCHS – DPIA (Sharepoint) Reviewed Mar 2022 Next Review: Mar 2023

Data Protection Impact Assessment (Sharepoint)

Cloud computing is a method for delivering information technology (IT) services in which resources are retrieved from the Internet through web-based tools and applications, as opposed to a direct connection to a server at the school. Stuart Bathurst Catholic High School operates a cloud-based system. As such Stuart Bathurst Catholic High School must consider the privacy implications of such a system. The Data Protection Impact Assessment is a systematic process for identifying and addressing privacy issues and considers the future consequences for privacy of a current or proposed action.

Stuart Bathurst Catholic High School recognises that moving to a cloud service provider has a number of implications. Stuart Bathurst Catholic High School recognises the need to have a good overview of its data information flow. The Data Protection Impact Assessment looks at the wider context of privacy considering Data Protection Law and the Human Rights Act. It considers the need for a cloud-based system and the impact it may have on individual privacy.

The school needs to know where the data is stored, how it can be transferred and what access possibilities the school has to its data. The location of the cloud is important to determine applicable law. The school will need to satisfy its responsibilities in determining whether the security measures the cloud provider has taken are sufficient, and that the rights of the data subject under the UK GDPR is satisfied by the school. Stuart Bathurst Catholic High School aims to undertake this Data Protection Impact Assessment on an annual basis.

What is the aim of the project?

Stuart Bathurst Catholic High School To move electronic storage from a local server to a cloud-based solution. This will deliver a cost-effective solution, rationalizing storage of data, to meet the needs of the business. It will assist agile working enabling staff to work remotely and ensure information security (removing the need for memory sticks, etc).

Stuart Bathurst Catholic High School will undertake the following processes:

- Collecting personal data
- Recording and organizing personal data
- Structuring and storing personal data
- Copying personal data
- Retrieving personal data
- Deleting personal data

By opting for a cloud-based solution the school aims to achieve the following:

- Scalability
- Reliability
- Resilience
- Delivery at a potentially lower cost
- Supports mobile access to data securely
- Update of documents in real time
- Good working practice, i.e. secure access to sensitive files

The school currently has its personal data stored locally via dedicated servers held on site. Personal data is accessible via 2 servers to 350 desktop computers. The information is held securely with personal data backed up from the N: drive every 24 hours. The network is only accessible through dedicated password linked to individual members of staff.

The benefits of moving to the cloud means that information can be grouped appropriately, Stuart Bathurst Catholic High School knows where all personal data is held and can set permissions accordingly. Cloud based systems enable the school to upload documents, photos, videos, and other files to a website to share with others or to act as a backup copy. These files can then be accessed from any location or any type of device (laptop, mobile phone, tablet, etc.).

The cloud service provider cannot do anything with the school's data unless they have been instructed by the school. The schools Privacy Notice will be updated especially with reference to the storing of pupil and workforce data in the cloud.

How will you collect, use, store and delete data?

The information collected by the school is retained on the school's computer systems and in paper files. The information is retained according to the school's Data Retention Policy. The cloud will provide a more structured environment with appropriate permission levels set to view data.

What is the source of the data?

Pupil information is collected via registration forms when pupils join the school, pupil update forms the school issue at the start of the year, Common Transfer File (CTF) or secure file transfer from previous schools. Pupil information also includes classroom work, assessments and reports. Workforce information is collected through application forms, CVs or resumes; information obtained from identity documents, forms completed at the start of employment, correspondence, interviews, meetings and assessments. For more information please consult Stuart Bathurst Catholic High School Privacy Notices.

Will you be sharing data with anyone?

Stuart Bathurst Catholic High School routinely shares pupil information with relevant staff within the school, schools that the pupil attends after leaving, the Local Authority, the Department for Education, Health Services, Learning Support Services, RM Integris and various third-party Information Society Services applications.

Stuart Bathurst Catholic High School routinely shares workforce information internally with people responsible for HR and recruitment (including payroll), senior staff, with the Local Authority, and the Department for Education.

What types of processing identified as likely high risk are involved?

Transferring 'special category' data from the school to the cloud. Storage of personal and 'special category data in the Cloud.

What is the nature of the data?

Pupil data relates to personal identifiers and contacts (such as name, unique pupil number, contact details and address). Characteristics (such as ethnicity, language, nationality, gender, religion, data of birth, country of birth, free school meal eligibility). Special education needs, safeguarding information, medical and administration (doctors' information, child health, dental health, allergies, medication and dietary requirements). Attendance information, assessment, attainment and

behavioral information. The school also obtains data on parents/guardians/carers including their name, address, telephone number and e-mail address.

Workforce data relates to personal information (such as name, address and contact details, employee or teacher number, bank details, national insurance number, marital status, next of kin, dependents and emergency contacts). Special categories of data (such as gender, age, ethnic group). Contract information (such as start dates, terms and conditions of employment, hours worked, post, roles and salary information, pensions, nationality and entitlement to work in the UK). Work absence information, information about criminal records, details of any disciplinary or grievance procedures. Assessments of performance (such as appraisals, performance reviews, ratings, performance improvement plans and related correspondence). Information about medical or health conditions.

Special Category data?

Some of the personal data collected falls under the UK GDPR special category data. This includes race; ethic origin; religion; biometrics; and health. These may be contained in the Single Central Record, RM Integris, child safeguarding files, SEN reports, etc.

How much data is collected and used and how often?

Personal data is collected for all pupils. Additionally, personal data is also held respecting the school's workforce, Board of Governors, Volunteers, and Contractors. Data relating to sports coaches and other educational specialist is contained within the Single Central Record to ensure health and safety and safeguarding within the school.

What is the nature of your relationship with the individuals?

Stuart Bathurst Catholic High School collects and processes personal data relating to its pupils and employees to manage the parent/pupil and employment relationship.

Through the Privacy Notice (pupil/workforce) Stuart Bathurst Catholic High School is committed to being transparent about how it collects and uses data and to meeting its data protection obligation.

How much control will they have?

Access to the files will be controlled by username and password. Cloud Service provider is hosting the data and will not be accessing it.

The school will be able to upload personal data from its PC for the data to be stored remotely by a service provider. Any changes made to files are automatically copied across and immediately accessible from other devices the school may have.

Do they include children or other vulnerable groups?

Some of the data may include special category data such as child safeguarding records, RM Integris, SEN records, Single Central Record. The cloud service provider may provide access controls to the files. For example, files designated as private – only you can access the files; public – everyone can view the files without any restriction; and shared – only people you invite can view the files.

Are there prior concerns over this type of processing or security flaws?

Does the cloud provider store the information in an encrypted format? What is the method of file transfer? For example, the most secure way to transfer is to encrypt the data before it leaves the computer. Encryption does have its limitations inasmuch as the encryption key will need to be shared with others to access the data.

Stuart Bathurst Catholic High School recognises that moving to a cloud-based solution raises a number of UK General Data Protection Regulations issues as follows:

ISSUE: The cloud-based solution will be storing personal data including sensitive information**RISK:** There is a risk of uncontrolled distribution of information to third parties.**MITIGATING ACTION:** Sharepoint sits within Office Microsoft 365. Office Microsoft 365 sits within Microsoft Azure which provides a secure cloud-based service

ISSUE: Transfer of data between the school and the cloud **RISK:** Risk of compromise and unlawful access when personal data is transferred. **MITIGATING ACTION:** Encryption is identified in the UK GDPR as a protective measure that renders personal data unintelligible when it is affected by a breach

Microsoft products and services such as Azure, Dynamics 365, Enterprise Mobility + Security, Office Microsoft 365, SQL Server/Azure SQL Database, and Windows 10 offer robust encryption for data in transit and data at rest

ISSUE: Use of third-party sub processors? **RISK:** Noncompliance with the requirements under UK GDPR **MITIGATING ACTION:** Microsoft shares data with third parties acting as its sub processors to support functions such as customer and technical support, service maintenance, and other operations

Any subcontractors to which Microsoft transfers Customer Data, Support Data, or Personal Data will have entered into written agreements with Microsoft that are no less protective than the Data Protection Terms of the Online Services Terms

ISSUE: Understanding the cloud-based solution chosen where data processing/storage premises are shared?

RISK: The potential of information leakage.

MITIGATING ACTION: Microsoft products and services such as Azure, Dynamics 365, Enterprise Mobility + Security, Office Microsoft 365, SQL Server/Azure SQL Database, and Windows 10 offer robust encryption for data in transit and data at rest

ISSUE: Cloud solution and the geographical location of where the data is stored

RISK: Within the EU, the physical location of the cloud is a decisive factor to determine which privacy rules apply. However, in other areas other regulations may apply which may not be Data Protection Law compliant

MITIGATING ACTION: Please note that Microsoft don't tell you which country or offer an option to pick a specific country (e.g. UK)

However, Microsoft do have a level of granularity for some parts of Office 365 (Exchange Online, SharePoint, etc) as follows:

(1) Exchange Online mailbox content (e-mail body, calendar entries, and the content of e-mail attachments);

- (2) SharePoint Online site content and the files stored within that site;
- (3) files uploaded to OneDrive for Business, and;
- (4) project content uploaded to Project Online

Nevertheless, in any event, Microsoft will ensure that transfers of personal data to a third country or an international organization are subject to appropriate safeguards as described in Article 46 of the UK GDPR

In addition to Microsoft commitments under the Standard Contractual Clauses for processors and other model contracts, Microsoft is certified to the EU-U.S. and Swiss-U.S. Privacy Shield Frameworks and the commitments they entail

ISSUE: Cloud Service Provider and privacy commitments respecting personal data, i.e. the rights of data subjects

RISK: UK GDPR non-compliance

MITIGATING ACTION: When operating as a processor, Microsoft makes available to schools, as data controllers, the personal data of its data subjects and the ability to fulfill data subject access requests

when they exercise their rights under the UK GDPR. This is done in a manner consistent with the functionality of the product and Microsoft's role as a processor

If Microsoft receive a request from the school's data subjects to exercise one or more of their rights under the UK GDPR, Microsoft redirect the data subject to make its request directly to the data controller, i.e. the school. The Office 365 Data Subject Requests Guide provides a description to the data controller on how to support data subject rights using the capabilities in Office 365

ISSUE: Implementing data retention effectively in the cloud

RISK: UK GDPR non-compliance

MITIGATING ACTION: As set out in the Data Protection Terms in the Online Services Terms, Microsoft will retain Customer Data for the duration of the school's right to use the service and until all the school's data is deleted or returned in accordance with the school's instructions or the terms of the Online Services Terms

At all times the school will have the ability to access, extract, and delete personal data stored in the service, subject in some cases to specific product functionality intended to mitigate the risk of inadvertent deletion

ISSUE: Responding to a data breach

RISK: UK GDPR non-compliance

MITIGATING ACTION: Microsoft products and services—such as Azure, Dynamics 365, Enterprise Mobility + Security, Microsoft Office 365, and Windows 10—have solutions available today to help a school detect and assess security threats and breaches and meet the UK GDPR's breach notification obligations

ISSUE: Post Brexit

RISK: UK GDPR non-compliance

MITIGATING ACTION: Microsoft currently only promise to store Microsoft Teams data within the EU. Please note that they don't tell you which country or offer an option to pick a specific country (e.g. UK)

Nevertheless, in any event, Microsoft will ensure that transfers of personal data to a third country or an international organization are subject to appropriate safeguards as described in Article 46 of the UK GDPR

In addition to Microsoft commitments under the Standard Contractual Clauses for processors and other model contracts, Microsoft is certified to the EU-U.S. and Swiss-U.S. Privacy Shield Frameworks and the commitments they entail

ISSUE: Subject Access Requests

RISK: The school must be able to retrieve the data in a structured format to provide the information to the data subject

MITIGATING ACTION: Microsoft provides the ability to access, export, and delete system-generated logs that may be necessary to complete a Data Subject Access Request. Examples of such data may include: (1) product and service usage data such as user activity logs; (2) user search requests and query data; and (3) data generated by product and services resulting from system functionality and interaction by users or other systems

ISSUE: Data Ownership

RISK: UK GDPR non-compliance

MITIGATING ACTION: Microsoft is the data processor, processing the school's personal data through the use of Sharepoint. The school as data controller still has ownership of the data

ISSUE: Security of Privacy

RISK: UK GDPR non-compliance

MITIGATING ACTION: Microsoft is committed to helping protect the security of the school's information. In compliance with the provisions of Article 32 of the UK GDPR, Microsoft has implemented and will maintain and follow appropriate technical and organizational measures intended to protect Customer Data and Support Data against accidental, unauthorized, or unlawful access, disclosure, alteration, loss, or destruction

Microsoft is subject to independent verification of its security, privacy, and compliance controls. In order to provide this, Microsoft undergo several independent third-party audits on a regular basis. For each one, an independent auditor examines Microsoft's data centres, infrastructure, and operations.

The following are examples of Microsoft's accreditation:

ISO 27001: is one of the most widely recognized, internationally accepted independent security standards. Microsoft has earned ISO 27001 certification for the systems, applications, people, technology, processes, and data centres that make up its shared Common Infrastructure

ISO 27017: is an international standard of practice for information security controls based on ISO/IEC 27002, specifically for Cloud Services. Microsoft has been certified compliant with ISO 27017 for its shared Common Infrastructure

ISO 27018: is an international standard of practice for protection of personally identifiable information (PII) in Public Cloud Services. Microsoft has been certified

compliant with ISO 27018 for its shared Common Infrastructure

The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) SOC 2 (Service Organization Controls) and SOC 3 audit framework defines Trust Principles and criteria for security, availability, processing integrity, and confidentiality. Microsoft has SOC 1, SOC 2 and SOC 3 reports for its shared Common Infrastructure

This means that independent auditors have examined the controls protecting the data in Microsoft's systems (including logical security, privacy, and data centre security), and assured that these controls are in place and operating effectively

The school moving to a cloud-based solution will realise the following benefits:

- Scalability
- Reliability
- Resilience
- Delivery at a potentially lower cost
- Supports mobile access to data securely
- Update of documents in real time
- Good working practice, i.e. secure access to sensitive files

The views of senior leadership team and the Board of Governors will be obtained. Once reviewed the views of stakeholders will be considered

The view of YourIG has also been engaged to ensure Data Protection Law compliance

The lawful basis for processing personal data is contained in the school's Privacy Notice (Pupil and Workforce). The Legitimate basis includes the following:

Childcare Act 2006 (Section 40 (2)(a) The Education Reform Act 1988 Further and Higher Education Act 1992, Education Act 1994; 1998; 2002; 2005; 2011 Health and Safety at Work Act Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act Working together to Safeguard Children Guidelines (DfE)

The school has a Subject Access Request procedure in place to ensure compliance with Data Protection Law

The cloud-based solution will enable the school to uphold the rights of the data subject? The right to be informed; the right of access; the right of rectification; the right to erasure; the right to restrict processing; the right to data portability; the right to object; and the right not to be subject to automated decision-making?

The school will continue to be compliant with its Data Protection Policy

Describe source of risk and nature of potential impact on individuals. Include associated compliance and corporate risks as necessary.	Likelihood of harm	Severity of harm	Overall risk
	Remote, possible or probable	Minimal, significant or severe	Low, medium or high
Data transfer; data could be compromised	Possible	Severe	Medium
Asset protection and resilience	Possible	Significant	Medium
Data Breaches	Possible	Significant	Medium
Subject Access Request	Probable	Significant	Medium
Data Retention	Probable	Significant	Medium

Risk	Options to reduce or eliminate risk	Effect on risk	Residual risk	Measure approved
		Eliminated	Low	Yes/no
		reduced	medium	
		accepted	high	
Data Transfer	Secure network, end to end encryption	Reduced	Medium	Yes
Asset protection & resilience	Data Centre in EU, Certified, Penetration Testing and Audit	Reduced	Medium	Yes
Data Breaches	Documented in contract and owned by school	Reduced	Low	Yes
Subject Access Request	Technical capability to satisfy data subject access request	Reduced	Low	Yes
Data Retention	Implementing school data retention periods in the cloud	Reduced	Low	Yes

Item	Name/date	Notes
Measures approved by:	Richard May	Integrate actions back into project plan, with date and responsibility for completion
Residual risks approved by:	Richard May	If accepting any residual high risk, consult the ICO before going ahead
DPO advice provided:	Yes	DPO should advise on compliance, step 6 measures and whether processing can proceed

Summary of DPO advice:

How is the information stored on the server? (e.g. is the server shared with other schools, what security is in place to maintain the integrity of the school's data?)

Where is the server located?

Do you store the information in an encrypted format? (if not how is the information stored?)

What is the method of file transfer from school to the remote server and vice versa? (is it via a secure network?)

How secure is the network? (*The school wishes to mitigate against the risk of compromise or unlawful access when personal data is transferred*)

What security measures are in place? (firewalls, etc?)

What certification does the cloud provider have?, (e.g. ISO 27001 certified, etc)

DPO advice accepted or overruled by:

If overruled, you must explain your reasons

Comments:

Consultation responses reviewed by:

If your decision departs from individuals' views, you must explain your reasons

Comments:

This DPIA will kept under	Alicia Mortimer	The	DPO	should	also	review
review by:		ongo	ongoing compliance with DPIA			